Name:

NetID:

Note: This quiz will be a set of practice problems for the upcoming exam. Complete this at your leisure outside of class but please bring in an **INDIVIDUAL** copy of the quiz **ON PAPER** to turn in at the start of the exam. While doing the work feel free to work with your classmates, but I'd like you all to turn in a copy individually. You don't necessarily need to print and fill out this exact document, just writing the answers on your own piece of paper will be fine.

1.) Which of the three SVM kernels we've seen so far would be best for separating the data points shown in the plot below?



(	A.) RBF
	B.) Linear
	C.) Polynomial
	D.) Lagrangian

2.) Is a regression task supervised or unsupervised learning? Explain your reasoning.

is Expervised because

3.) When we use PCA, we often get more principal components back than we'd realistically use. Given the scree plot below, indicate how many principal components you'd choose to use. Why don't we use every component?



I'd use the first two principle components because that's when the elbow is. Honesthy just are could be fire given that surce plot. PCAs capture less ad los voriance beyond the first few

4.) Create the dendrogram that hierarchical clustering would produce for the following plot.



5.) What's an example of a task where a ROC curve is used? When would we prefer AUC?

They are goed for binary classification basks We'd préfer AUC if we wanted a single Number to represent air performance

6.) Explain the difference between Precision, Recall, and the F1 score. Why might we prefer one to any of the others?

Precision-focuses on accuracy of positive predictions, good when take positives are costly fecall-focuses on all positive cases, useful when base regatives are costly FI - balance between precisson and recall, used When both are important and for unbalanced detasets

7.) Do you prefer the newer lecture style with the ipad or the older chalkboard based one?